

### **Project Title**

Factors Associated with Uptake of Influenza Vaccination Among Nursing Staff in Nursing Homes before COVID-19.

#### **Project Lead and Members**

Chng Hsing Yun Priscilla

#### **Organisation(s) Involved**

Yishun Community Hospital

#### Healthcare Family Group Involved in this Project

Nursing

#### **Project Period**

Start date: 1/4/2019

Completed date: 2/5/2019

#### Aims

This study aims to identify factors associated with uptake of influenza vaccinations among nursing staff working in local nursing homes.

#### Background

See poster appended / below

#### Methods

See poster appended / below

#### Results

See poster appended / below



#### **Lessons Learnt**

It is important to study and understand factors influencing uptake of vaccines among nurses that has an impact on patients they care for.

#### Conclusion

See poster appended / below

#### **Additional Information**

The data for this project was collected from 8 Nursing Homes in Singapore.

Note: This project attained Silver (Category: Singapore Nursing Award) at the Singapore Health & Biomedical Congress (SHBC) 2021

#### **Project Category**

Applied Research, Quantitative Research, Care Continuum, Intermediate and Long Term Care & Community Care, Nursing Home

#### Keywords

Vaccination, Health Belief Model, Cross-sectional Study

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# Factors associated with uptake of influenza vaccination among nursing staff in nursing homes before COVID-19

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#### Background

Before COVID-19, it is known increasing influenza vaccination coverage among nursing staff had been proven effective in reducing morbidity and mortality of nursing home residents, however influenza vaccination uptake rates among nursing staff in local nursing homes have not achieved the recommended level of vaccination coverage. <sup>(1-3)</sup> This study therefore aims to identify factors associated with uptake of influenza vaccinations among nursing staff working in local nursing homes.

#### Methods

A cross-sectional study on nursing staff in 8 nursing homes was conducted with selfadministered survey <sup>(4)</sup> given before start of an education talk on prevention of influenza outbreak.

#### **Demographics**

Gender, age group, presence of chronic diseases, current work position, amount of time spent in with patients

### Institutional provisions

Education talks, promotional activities, promotional materials, policy/ guidelines/ recommendations, free vaccine

#### **Behavioural factors\***

HBM domains of perceived susceptibility perceived severity, perceived benefits, perceived barriers and cue to action

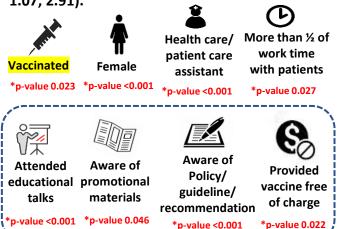
#### **Outcome measure**

Self-reported uptake of influenza vaccine in 2017

\* A five-point Likert scale (1 = strongly disagree; 5 = strongly agree) used

#### Results

Completed data from 400 subjects were analysed. 64.5% (n = 258) reported they have received the influenza vaccine in 2017 while 35.5% (n = 142) reported they did not receive the influenza vaccine in 2017. Many responses on demographical, behavioural and organizational factors were significantly different among participants across 8 nursing homes. After adjusting for potential confounders of age, gender and nursing homes in multivariate analysis, only one factor significantly associated with influenza vaccine uptake was staff awareness of policy/ guidelines/ recommendations (OR: 1.8; 95% CI: 1.07, 2.91).



## Conclusion

Strategies to promote uptake of influenza vaccine among nursing staff should be made relevant to the different nursing homes respectively and **include having a policy/ guideline/ recommendation for staff influenza vaccination.** 

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